

MAT 136 (Calculus I) Prof. Swift

Feynman vs. the Abacus: Local Linearization

Names: _____

Do this group work in groups of 3 or 4. When you're done with this, turn in *one* sheet per group, and do WeBWorK problems.

First, read the story of Feynman vs. the Abacus. (Available via google search.) This set of problems will repeat Feynman's approximation of $\sqrt[3]{1729.03}$. Use the facts, known by Feynman, that $12^2 = 144$ and $12^3 = 1728$.

1. (no technology) We want to compute $\sqrt[3]{1729.03}$. Define the function $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$, so we want to approximate $f(1729.03)$. Feynman knew that

$$f(1728) = \sqrt[3]{1728} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

This is the first approximation for $\sqrt[3]{1729.03}$, and getting this approximation brought sweat to the forehead of the guy with the abacus.

2. (no technology) To get a better approximation, we will use the local linearization $f(x) \approx \ell_{1728}(x) = f(1728) + f'(1728) \cdot (x - 1728)$. We already know $f(1728)$, so we just have to find $f'(1728)$. Note that $f(x) = x^{1/3}$, and compute $f'(x)$ below.

3. (no technology) Next, evaluate $f'(1728)$ without a calculator. Write your answer as a fraction of integers. No exponents are allowed! Show your work very carefully to convince me that you didn't use a calculator. Hint: Remember the rule $(x^2)^3 = x^{2 \cdot 3}$.

4. (no technology) Putting the results of problems 1 and 3 together, the local linearization of $f(x)$ at $x = 1728$ is

$$\ell_{1728}(x) =$$

5. (no technology) Now, approximate the cube root of 1729.03. Evaluate $1729.03 - 1728 = 1.03$ in your head, and get an exact expression for $\ell_{1728}(1729.03)$ involving a fraction with 1.03 in the numerator.

$$\sqrt[3]{1729.03} \approx \ell_{1728}(1729.03) =$$

6. (yes technology) Now, unlike Feynman, use technology evaluate $\ell_{1728}(1729.03)$. Round to 9 significant figures. Use "... " for rounding, as in $\sqrt{2} = 1.41421356\dots$. Feynman, without a calculator, computed the *correction*, Δf , to 1 significant figure.

$$\sqrt[3]{1729.03} \approx$$

7. (yes technology) Finally, find the true value of the cube root, rounded to 9 significant figures. (If you round to fewer than 9 significant figures, you get the same answer for 6 and 7.)

$$\sqrt[3]{1729.03} =$$